**Title:** The Christian Community

**Text:** Colossians 3:12-17

Introduction

What would make for an ideal Christian community?

If I were to ask you to write down on a piece of paper a description of your ideal Christian community - I wonder what it would be.

What would such a community look like?

Now, I'm sure we would all like to have a say as to what an ideal Christian community should look like – and be like.

After all, I trust that we have all heard – and probably can relate to! – this old refrain:

"To dwell above with the saints we love, Oh, that will be glory! But to dwell below with the saints we know, well, that's another story!"

So – in light of the conflicts that we may have had – or might inevitably have! – my guess is that we would all have our own thoughts as to what would make for an ideal Christian community.

But **the thing** is this:

• In a room this size – I think we would get as diverse a range of answers as there are people in the room.

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And not just that – but I have a sneaking suspicion that the things we have written
down would have an uncanny resemblance to the person that we see in the mirror
each morning.

After all – don't most of us think:

"If only everyone were like *me*. Then we would all get along fine. And there would be no problems whatsoever."

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Well – I'm not sure about you – but I'm glad that God doesn't leave it up to us to determine what makes for an *ideal* Christian community.

Instead – God saw it fit to tell us explicitly – through the apostle Paul just what such a community should look like.

And what we are going to see from our passage today is this:

God wants our community to be marked by Christlike virtues and Christ-centered priorities.

So – without further ado – let's look at the picture that Paul paints – or – more specifically – four portraits that Paul paints – of God's idyllic community.

And my aim – as we go through each of these portraits – is that we would aspire to be such a community here at GBC – that these would be increasingly true of us as a church community.

So, the first portrait that Paul paints for us is that of a community marked by Christ's virtues.

# 1. A COMMUNITY MARKED BY CHRIST'S VIRTUES (vv.12-14)

Look with me at verses 12-14.

Verse 12 begins:

"Therefore ..."

Let's stop and ask: What is the "therefore" - there for?

Now – while it certainly relates to all that came before – in particular – that of our new identity in Christ – I would argue that Paul also has in mind what he had just written in the immediately preceding verse – namely, the new community that Christ has formed.

A community that – as we saw in verse 11 – transcends all ethnic, cultural, economic, or social boundaries.

So – with that in mind – I think we can paraphrase Paul in this way:

"Therefore – that is, because of our new identity in Christ and because of the new community of which we are now a part of – as God's chosen people – here's what we are to do ..."

In other words – verses 12-17 has a corporate emphasis. It is focused:

- On community life.
- On how believers should relate to one another.
- On what the church should be like.

But before Paul tells us what we are to do – he once again reminds us of who we are in Christ.

Look at **verse 12** – Paul writes:

"Therefore, as God's chosen ones, holy and dearly loved ..."

**Notice** how **Paul** describes believers:

• Paul describes us as "chosen". That is, we are his ἐκλεκτοί. We are the elect of God

- handpicked by him before the foundation of the world - not because of anything

**good in us** – but **solely** by **his grace** and **good pleasure**.

• Paul also describes us as "holy". That is, not only are we those who have been set

apart from sin – but we have been set apart by God – to God – and for God himself.

• And - finally - Paul describes us as "dearly loved". That is, we are those whom

God has lavished his love upon. We are the objects of God's special love. We are

the apple of his eye.

And what's interesting is that these are the exact same terms that God uses to describe his

people in the Old Testament.

**Listen** to what **Moses** tells the **Israelites** in **Deuteronomy 7:6-8** – he says:

"For you are a holy people belonging to the LORD your God. The LORD your

God has **chosen** you to be his own possession out of all the peoples on the face of

the earth. The LORD had his heart set on you and chose you, not because you were

more numerous than all peoples, for you were the fewest of all peoples. But because

the LORD loved you ..."

Did you catch the similar terms used here?

What this means is that we stand in continuity with the Old Testament people of God! We

are the new Israel! We are his people!

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- We are "chosen"!
- We are "holy"!
- We are "dearly loved"!

Friends, what a great and glorious description this is – one that we do well not to gloss over!

In fact – I would **encourage you** to **take time** to **meditate upon** and **study** each of **these terms** – and **remind yourself** of **who you are in Christ**.

- You are "chosen".
- You are "holy".
- You are "dearly loved".

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Now – Paul starts here because everything that he has to say is grounded in – and flows from – this fundamental reality.

So – because of our new identity in Christ – and because of the new community of which we are a part – Paul proceeds to tell us how we ought to live in light of those realities.

Specifically – he gives us a list of virtues that we are to put on as we relate to one another in community.

**Verse 12** – Paul writes:

"... put on compassion, kindness, humility, gentleness, and patience ..."

What is Paul doing here?

Well – Paul is telling us to put on – to cultivate – these virtues in our lives.

And why does Paul do that?

### Well, two things:

- Firstly Paul knows that these are the fruit of the gospel in our lives. So in a sense
   he is simply asking us to be who we truly are.
- And secondly Paul knows that these virtues are needed if we are to exist and flourish together as a community.

So – what are these virtues that we are to put on as we relate with one another?

- First, "compassion". We are to have tender hearts. We are to have a heart that cares
   that goes out that is moved by the plight of others.
- Second, "kindness". While compassion has to do with our feelings kindness has to do with our actions. It is if you like compassion in action.
- Third, "humility". We are to consider and value others above ourselves. We are to put the needs and interests of others above our own.
- Next, "gentleness". Or as some versions put it "meekness". This is strength under control. It is not to exert our rights and even forgo them if need be.
- Finally, "patience". We all know what patience is especially if you are a parent! It is to be longsuffering. It is to be not easily provoked.

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So – these are the virtues that Paul says we are to put on as members of Christ's body.

Virtues that are supremely and perfectly displayed in none other than Christ himself.

Jesus is the epitome of these virtues.

There is no one as compassionate, kind, humble, gentle, and patient as Christ is.

And – therefore – in telling us to clothe ourselves with these virtues – Paul is – in essence – telling us – as he puts it in Romans 13:14 – to "put on the Lord Jesus Christ".

To put it simply – Paul wants us to be a community:

- That is marked by Christ's virtues.
- That reflects the character of Christ.
- That is **Christlike**.

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And in verse 13 – Paul goes on to show us the practical outworking these virtues in our lives:

"... bearing with one another and forgiving one another ..."

In other words - an evidence that we have put on these virtues is that we will:

- "Bear with one another"
- And "forgive one another".

And trust me: This is something we will have occasion to do – and must do.

Why? Well, two things at least:

Firstly, we are all different.

- Different backgrounds.
- Different personalities.
- Different preferences.

And, secondly, we are all sinners.

- Saved sinners *no doubt*!
- But sinners nonetheless!

And in such a community – it is inevitable:

- That we step on each other's toes.
- That we offend each other.
- That we **irritate each other**.

And this is not a matter of if – but when.

So – "bear with one another" – we must!

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But Paul doesn't stop there! He ups the ante!

Not only must we "bear with one another" – but we must also "forgive one another".

In fact – this is something *expected* of us as believers.

This is **implied** in **Paul's words** in the last part of verse 13.

**Look there** with me – Paul writes:

"Just as the Lord has forgiven you – so you are also to forgive."

In other words – Paul is *grounding* our forgiveness of others in God's prior forgiveness of us.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cf. Col 2:13-14

• As those who have received forgiveness – so too are we to extend forgiveness.

• God's vertical forgiveness is the *basis* and *motivation* of our horizontal forgiveness.

In fact – **not to forgive** would be **unthinkable** and **inconceivable** for **those** who **received forgiveness**!

The parable of the unforgiving servant in Matthew 18 comes to mind:<sup>2</sup>

The servant who was forgiven of a huge debt by his master – somehow! – did not extend the same forgiveness he had received to his fellow servant who owed him but a little debt.

And **Jesus' point** in **that parable** is **simple**. It is this:

Forgiven people forgive people!

An evidence that we have truly received and appreciate God's amazing forgiveness of us—is that we willingly and freely extend forgiveness to those who may have hurt us.

Think about it for a moment:

If an infinitely holy God — whose eyes are too pure to look upon evil — has graciously forgiven unworthy and vile sinners such as us — how can we not — *likewise* — forgive fellow sinners who may have sinned against us?

It makes no sense whatsoever – does it?

Now - I'm not saying that forgiveness is always easy - but what I'm saying is that forgiveness is necessary.

We need to -by the power of the Spirit learn to forgive -just as our Lord has forgiven us.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Matt 18:21-35

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Alright. Let's stop here and ask ourselves. We've seen the five virtues that Paul listed:

- Now if we are honest would we say that these virtues characterise our lives?
- Or better yet: Would those around us say that these are true of us?
- Do people view us as compassionate and kind? Or do they view us as harsh and unkind?

Friends – it has been said that:

"A church is a hospital for sinners – not a museum for saints."

And I think it is true:

- The church is filled with sinners.
- It is **filled** with **hurt people**.
- And hurt people as the saying goes hurt people.

And the question we need to ask ourselves is this:

- Are we willing to bear with and forgive those who may offend us or rub us the wrong way?
- Or do we **grow bitter** and **bear grudges** against **such ones**?

Friends – Paul is calling us here to a radically high standard:

We are to forgive – *just as* the Lord has forgiven us!

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Verse 14 – Paul continues:

"Above all, put on love, which is the perfect bond of unity."

What Paul is saying here is that - more than anything else - above and beyond all the virtues that he has just described:

- We are to put on love.
- We are to have love.
- We are to love one another.

**Why**? Well – because **love** – Paul says – is "the perfect bond of unity".

Now, there is **debate** as to **what Paul means** by that:

- Does he mean that love binds the five virtues together in perfect harmony?
- Or does he mean that love binds *believers* together in perfect harmony?

Well – *in this case* – I think we can glean from the wisdom of the "Old El Paso Tacos" advertisement.

"Why don't we have both?"

I believe that the phrase – "the perfect bond of unity" – is deliberately ambiguous:

- On the one hand love binds the virtues together in perfect harmony in that without love these virtues amount to nothing. As Paul puts it in 1 Corinthians 13:3 "If I give away all I have, and I deliver up my body to be burned, but have not love, I gain nothing".
- But on the other hand love is also the supreme virtue that binds us together different though we may be as one unified family. It is the glue if you like that holds us together that keeps us united as God's community.

That's why Paul calls us to put on love.

Love is the greatest – the supreme – the all-encompassing – virtue that must characterise us as a community of believers.

- It is a virtue without which all the other virtues are empty and meaningless.
- It is a virtue without which we will not be able to exist together in the way God intends us to.

Friends – just think of the unfortunate schisms and divisions that have littered the history of the church for a moment:

- Now, I'm **not talking** here about **division** over the **central issues** of **the faith** but rather **secondary issues**.
- Things such as the colour of the carpet the so-called 'worship wars' or the more recent 'vaccine wars'.
- Issues that have *unfortunately* ended friendships, broken families, and split churches.

Now – think of how different things would be if Christians had put on the virtues that Paul is describing here – especially the preeminent virtue of love?

I think that most – if not all – of these divisions could have been avoided – if Christians were but to heed Paul's command here.

Oh – that God would help us grow and put on these virtues – that we may be the kind of community that he wants us to be – a community marked by Christlike virtues.

And think about it: How attractive would such a community be to a watching world!

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Secondly – the **second portrait** that **Paul paints** for us of **God's idyllic community** is that of *a community ruled by Christ's peace* ...

# 2. A COMMUNITY RULED BY CHRIST'S PEACE (v.15)

Look with me at **verse 15** – Paul writes:

"And let the peace of Christ, to which you were also called in one body, rule your hearts ..."

Friends – the truth is that by virtue of Christ's death on the cross:

- *Not only* do we have *vertically*! **peace with God Romans 5:1**.
- But we also have horizontally! peace with one another Ephesians 2:14.

And Paul is commanding us here to let this peace – the peace that Christ died to achieve – "rule" in our hearts.

What does Paul mean?

Now – the word for "rule" – βραβεύω – is interesting.

Paul used a similar word earlier in Colossians 2:18 when he warned the Colossians not to let the false teachers "condemn", "disqualify", or "pass judgment on" (καταβραβεύω) them.

This is how the Greek lexicon BDAG defines the term. It defines it as:

"To be in control of someone's activity by making a decision".<sup>3</sup>

The idea here is that of an umpire or referee – who makes the final call – or has the final say - in a sporting contest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> BDAG.

### Think about it this way:

- There is a disputed call in a soccer game.
- The players are pushing and shoving one another debating whether it is a penalty or not.
- The referee stops the game consults the VAR the Video Assistant Referee and then makes a final call based on it.
- And that settles it!

So – what Paul is saying here is that:

- The peace of Christ is to be the umpire or referee in our decision-making process.
- It is to be the governing principle of our choices.
- It is the filter through which we make decisions in the body of Christ.

I like how Murray Harris paraphrases this verse.

I find it **practical** and **helpful**. He writes:

"In making your decisions, in choosing between alternatives, in settling conflicts of will, a concern to preserve the inward and communal peace that Christ gave and gives should be your controlling principle."

So, with this paraphrase in mind – let's ask ourselves:

- Does that describe us in our dealings with one another especially on secondary matters of the faith?
- Is our concern to preserve the "inward and communal peace" that Christ died to achieve?
- Is the peace of Christ our ruling, governing, controlling principle as we relate with one another as a community of believers?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Murray J. Harris, *Colossians and Philemon*, EGGNT (Nashville: B&H, 2010), 165.

Friends – think of how much unnecessary pain, tension, and division we could avoid if we were but to put this command into practice.

Instead of **fighting tooth** and **nail** over **every single issue** — we would **ask ourselves what** would **preserve** and **promote peace** in **the body** — and **we** would **pursue** that **path**.

For **the thing** is this:

- Not every hill is worth dying on!
- We could be right in our law but wrong in our love.

And – for what it is worth – I recommend Gavin Ortlund's book, Finding the Right Hills to  $Die\ On$  – especially if you are one who is given to fight tooth and nail over every single issue.

So – friends – Paul's point in verse 15 is simple.

He is saying that as God's people:

- We should by *God's grace* strive to live at peace with one another.
- We should let the peace of Christ act as the umpire the arbiter when differences arise in our midst.
- We should as Paul puts it in Ephesians 4:3 make "every effort to keep the unity of the Spirit through the bond of peace" and in Romans 14:19 "Pursue what promotes peace and what builds up one another".

After all – that's what we have been called to as believers in "one body".

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So, friends, can I **encourage us** – **myself** included?

Each time *before* we do or say something – and this includes posting comments on social media! – let's make it a point to stop and ask ourselves:

"Is what I'm about to say or do – is it going to promote peace – or is it going to cause division?"

And let's choose the path that preserves – and promotes – peace in the body of Christ.

Let's not allow non-essentials to disrupt the peace and unity that Christ died to achieve.

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Verse 15 ends with another injunction:

"And be thankful."

Now – this seems to be somewhat random and sporadic – even incidental.

Only that it isn't – I don't think!

The note of thankfulness is a constant theme throughout Colossians<sup>5</sup> – in fact – it appears twice more in the next two verses.

So -why does Paul call us to be thankful in the midst of his call to peace?

Well, here's my take:

- Perhaps Paul sees an integral relationship between thankfulness to God and peace with men.
- Perhaps Paul knows that a heart that is filled with gratitude to God will lend itself naturally to a heart that seeks, pursues, and promotes peace in the body of Christ.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Col 1:12; 2:7; 3:16, 17; 4:2.

Douglas Moo puts it this way:

"Believers who are full of gratitude to God for his gracious calling (v.15a) will

find it easier to extend to fellow believers the grace of love and forgiveness and

to put aside petty issues that might inhabit the expression of peace in the

community."6

So, friends – let me ask:

• Have we done – or said – things that have disrupted the peace that Christ died to

achieve in the community?

• If so – could it be because we have lost sight of the wonder of God's grace in our

lives?

• Are we willing to lay down our rights – put aside our pride – and reconcile – for the

greater good of the body?

Let's strive – by *God's grace* – to be a community ruled by Christ's peace.

And what a wonderful testimony we will be to a watching world – especially in such

fractured times!

The third portrait that Paul paints for us of God's idyllic community is that of a community

saturated by Christ's Word ...

3. A COMMUNITY SATURATED BY CHRIST'S WORD (v.16)

Look with me at verse 16:

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<sup>6</sup> Douglas J. Moo, *The Letters to the Colossians and to Philemon*, PNTC (Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 2008), 285.

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"Let the word of Christ dwell richly among you, in all wisdom teaching and admonishing one another through psalms, hymns, and spiritual songs, singing to God with gratitude in your hearts."

Paul is saying that – as a body of believers – we are to "let the word of Christ dwell richly among [us]".

In other words - God's community is to be one that is marked by a saturation - a permeation - a suffusion - with the Word of God in general - and the gospel in particular.

I think that's what the phrase "the word of Christ" – similar to what we had seen earlier in Colossians 1:5 regarding "the word of truth" – specifically refers to.

Our community – our gatherings – our corporate experience:

- Is to be about the Word of God.
- It is to be centered upon the message of the cross.
- It is to be saturated with the gospel.

That's what is to characterise – and infuse – all our gatherings.

The word of Christ – Paul says – should "dwell richly" among us.

The word for "dwell" – ἐνοικέω – has the idea:

- Of "inhabiting".
- Of "residing".
- Of "making a home".

#### It is used elsewhere:

- In Romans 8:11 of the Holy Spirit "living" in believers.
- And in 2 Corinthians 6:16 of God "dwelling" among his people.

So – the idea that Paul is conveying here is that the Word of God in general – and the gospel in particular – is to "make its home" – is to "take up permanent residence" – in the Christian community.

It is to have a **prominent place** – a **preeminent place** – in **our gatherings**.

And – here – at GBC – we can be thankful that this – indeed! – is the case!

In fact – one of my friends once remarked about our church name. He asked – half-jokingly – and half-condescendingly:

"Who on earth would put the word 'Bible' in the church name?!"

Well - **I** - for one - am **not complaining!** 

In fact – I thank God that we are a:

- Bible-based
- Bible-centered
- Bible-saturated church

I am thankful that we not only have the word "Bible" in name only – but that we are actually serious about the Word:

- We value the Word.
- We are hungry for the Word.
- We faithfully preach the Word.

And my prayer is that this will never change – that this will never die down – and that the Word will continually be at the forefront – and the centrepiece – of our gatherings.

For it is in **the Word** that we:

- See Christ.
- Hear about Christ.
- And become like Christ.

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So – we must let God's Word "dwell richly" among us!

But *how*? *How* are we to do so?

Well – Paul gives us – what I believe are – three *means* by which the word of Christ is to dwell among us.

If you notice in your Bible – there are three participles in verse 16:

- "teaching"
- "admonishing"
- "singing"

**These** are **participles** of *means* – that is:

• We are to let the word of Christ dwell richly among us.

And *how* is that to happen?

• Well – by means of – "teaching", "admonishing", and "singing".

So, what Paul is saying here is that the Word of God dwells among us as we "teach" and "admonish" one another with the Word – and as we "sing" with gratitude in our hearts to God.

In other words — it is *by means* of **mutual instruction** (that is, "teaching" and "admonishing") — and corporate worship (that is, "singing") — that the Word of God makes its home among us.

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Now – for **those** of you who are **sharp-eyed** – the words "**teaching**" and "**admonishing**" – probably **rings a bell**.

And you're right!

For – if you remember – the **same words** are **used** – albeit in **reverse order** – in **Colossians** 1:28 – where Paul writes:

"We proclaim him, warning and teaching everyone with all wisdom, so that we may present everyone mature in Christ."

And - as we saw last time - whereas the focus there is on the ministry of the pastor - the focus here in chapter 3 is on the ministry of *all* believers.

In other words – this is *not* just the job of pastors and teachers.

This is what we are all to do. We all have a part to play.

- We are to **teach** and **admonish one another**.
- We are to speak God's Word to one another.

And all this with the goal of building one another up in the Lord.

So, friends:

- Let's get into the lives of one another.
- And speak the Word to one another.

Perhaps we can discuss the sermon – or share what we have learnt from our Bible reading that week.

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Now – if you look at our passage – you will notice that Paul spells out for us one of the *means* by which this "teaching" and "admonishing" of one another can be done.

### Verse 16:

"... through psalms, hymns, and spiritual songs ..."

In other words – the songs that we sing in corporate worship is one of the means:

- By which we can "teach" and "admonish" one another.
- By which we can instruct one another.
- By which we can remind one another of the glorious gospel of our Lord.

Now – I don't think we need to go into the differences between "psalms", "hymns", and "spiritual songs".

But – at the very least! – what this tells us is that there is a repertoire – a variety – a diversity – of songs and music that we can utilise to worship our great God and King!

The **key** is **not** so much on **style** – as it is on **content**.

For the songs that we sing in our corporate gatherings – Paul says – are *a means* by which we instruct and build one another up in the faith.

Friends, do we realise this?

• Do we realise that when we come together to sing songs of worship unto God – we are also – through the songs – instructing and admonishing one another in the faith?

- Do we realise that our corporate singing is a form of corporate discipleship?
- **Do we realise** that **when we sing** *not only* are we **glorifying God** but we *also* edifying one another?

In fact – **listen** to this **quote** from **Warren Wiersbe**:

"I am convinced that congregations learn more theology (good and bad) from the songs they sing than from the sermons they hear. Many sermons are doctrinally sound and contain a fair amount of biblical information, but they lack that necessary emotional content that gets hold of the listener's heart. Music, however, reaches the mind and the heart at the same time. It has power to touch and move the emotions, and for that reason can become a wonderful tool in the hands of the Spirit or a terrible weapon in the hands of the Adversary."

With this in mind - let me just say this:

- Because worship songs are *a means* of instruction in the things of God it is important that churches put careful thought into their song choices.
- For the lyrics of a song can teach *truths* or *untruths*! about God and the things of God.
- And I'm sure that we have all heard good songs and well! not so good songs.

Thus – it is imperative that we vet through the songs that we sing in church – for – according to Paul – it is *a means* of corporate instruction and mutual edification.

And – once again! – I'm thankful that most – if not all – of the songs that we sing here are:

- Biblically-rich
- Theologically-robust
- Gospel-saturated
- Christ-centered

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Warren W. Wiersbe, Real Worship: Playground, Battleground, or Holy Ground? (Grand Rapids: Baker, 2000), 136.

## • God-exalting songs

Songs that allow	us to – as Paul	puts it – "sin	<b>g</b> to <b>God</b> 1	with <b>gratitud</b>	le in our he	earts".
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So, let's strive – by God's grace – to be a community that is saturated by the Word.

And – finally – the final portrait that Paul paints for us of God's idyllic community is that of a community consumed by Christ's glory ...

# 4. A COMMUNITY CONSUMED BY CHRIST'S GLORY (v.17)

Look with me at verse 17:

"And whatever you do, in word or deed, do everything in the name of the Lord Jesus, giving thanks to God the Father through him."

Now – this – in a sense – is a summary verse.

It is a fitting conclusion to all that has been said.

Paul is here reminding us of the lordship of Christ over absolutely everything.

Notice the all-encompassing – all-inclusive – nature of Paul's exhortation – Paul writes:

"And whatever you do – in word or deed ..."

In other words:

• Paul's instruction touches on absolutely every single aspect of our lives.

- It pertains to the totality of our life lived here on earth.
- No sphere of our life is exempt or left untouched by this command.

It is **something akin** to – as **one slogan** has it:

"All of Christ for all of life."

So, Paul is saying that in everything – what we say and what we do – we are to do all "in the name of the Lord Jesus".

Now, what does this mean?

Well, I think it means:

- That we are to live lives that are governed by the lordship of Christ.
- That everything that we do is to be done on behalf of for the sake of and unto the glory of Christ.

We are to live lives – and be a community – that is consumed by his glory.

As Paul puts it in 1 Corinthians 10:31:

"So, whether you eat or drink, or whatever you do, do everything for the glory of God."

In other words:

- All of life is to be lived with the ultimate goal of glorifying Christ.
- We are to live in light of the lordship of Christ and for the glory of Christ.

This is to be the grid *through which* – and principle by which – we are to live our lives – and relate to one another.

# And how do practically we do that?

Well – F. F. Bruce provides us some helpful questions we could ask ourselves.<sup>8</sup>

#### We could ask ourselves:

- "What is the Christian thing to do here?"
- "Can I do this without compromising my Christian confession?"
- "Can I do it 'in the name of the Lord Jesus' whose reputation is at stake in the conduct of his known followers?"
- "Can I thank God the Father through him for the opportunity of doing this thing?"

These are questions worth asking ourselves – questions that – if thought through – will put us in a better stead to be the kind of people – and community – that God wants us to be:

- One that acts in line with the nature and character of Christ.
- One that is consumed by his glory.

#### Conclusion

So, Paul has completed his masterpiece – he has given us God's masterplan of what the Christian community should be like.

It is an idyllic community – one that is:

- Marked by Christ's virtues.
- Ruled by Christ's peace.
- Saturated by Christ's Word.
- And consumed by Christ's glory.

<sup>8</sup> F. F. Bruce, The Epistles to the Colossians, to Philemon, and to the Ephesians, 2nd ed., NICNT (Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 1984), 160.

And it is my conviction that a community that has these characteristics is a community that is healthy, thriving, and flourishing.

And – conversely speaking – an unhealthy, struggling, and dying community is one that has lost sight of – and is not putting into practice – Paul's commands in this passage.

And, friends, **the thing** is this:

Nothing less than our witness to the world is at stake!

As Francis Schaeffer puts it:

"Our relationship with each other is the criterion the world uses to judge whether our message is truthful – Christian community is the final apologetic."

Friends, may we be a community that is increasingly marked by these qualities – for the glory of God and for the good of others.

Let us pray.